Magma rises and cools, ……………………… ……………………………. The plates are pushed away.

**CONTINENTAL DRIFT**

Hot magma can drag part of a plate ………………………….

The continent sitting on top of the plate is …………………………………………………………………………………………………….

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…………………………………….– magma is heated as it gets closer to the core, and cools as it gets closer to the crust.

……………………………………..– magma is heated as it gets closer to the core, and cools as it gets closer to the crust.

**CONTINENTAL DRIFT**

Hot magma can drag part of a plate downwards

The continent sitting on top of the plate is pulled in the direction of the edge being subducted.

Magma rises and cools, forming new sediments. The plates are pushed away.

Continental plate

Continental plate

Convection currents – magma is heated as it gets closer to the core, and cools as it gets closer to the crust.

Convection currents – magma is heated as it gets closer to the core, and cools as it gets closer to the crust.